

## A first release of $\nu$ Solve

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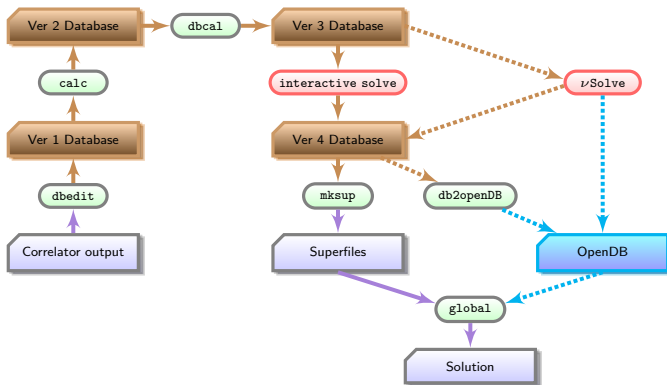


# VLBI data analysis software

- New generation VLBI data analysis software
  - Increase in number of observations.
  - VLBI2010 introduce new observables.
- History of development
  - The IVS Working Group on VLBI data structures (IVS WG4) was established in 2007.
  - In August of 2009 the VLBI group at the NASA GSFC started the development of new VLBI data analysis software.
  - A design of system architecture was presented at the IVS General Meeting at Hobart (Tasmania) in 2010.
  - We demonstrated a prototype version of  **$\nu$ Solve** at the 20<sup>th</sup> EVGA Meeting in Bonn, 2011.
- **$\nu$ Solve** and VLBI data flow
  - **$\nu$ Solve** is designed to replace most sensitive and user time consuming part of CALC/SOLVE system, interactive SOLVE.
  - It produces **Version 4** databases: edited, ambiguity resolved and with ionospheric corrections.
- In this presentation we will cover the current status of the software development process.



## Geodetic VLBI data flow



## Software development environment

The software is designed to (but not limited) work under Linux/GNU operation system.

It is written in **C++ programming language**.

We distribute the software code and use **GNU Build System** to make it portable.

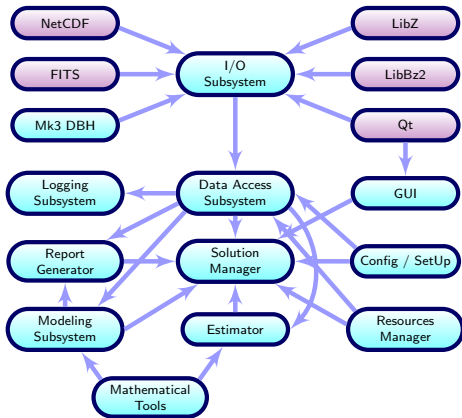
It uses the **Qt** library for high level data abstraction and system **libc**, **libm** for low level system functions.

Currently, it consists of two parts:

- **Space Geodesy Library**, where all algorithms are implemented (90% of source code);
- an executable **νSolve** – a driver that calls the library and organizes work with an end-user (10% of source code).



# Modular structure of the software



## System Decomposition

To keep our system stable and flexible we designed it modular.

**Module** is a logical block of code that is loosely tied with other parts of the software.

Each arrow on the diagram represents a **dependency** or, in other words, provides information (types, function calls, constants).

Only main **dependencies** are shown on the diagram.

## General features

### Current functionality

The software is able:

- Read/Write files in Mk3 DBH format;
- Display various information that were stored in the files;
- Process a single VLBI session and save results;
- Estimate various parameters;
- Detect and process clock breaks;
- Resolve ambiguity;
- Perform ionospheric correction;
- Calibrate weights of observations;
- Eliminate outliers;



## General features

### Current functionality

The software is able:

- The software is able to read and write data in Mk3 DBH format.
- It can also use new OpenDB format.
- There is no limitations on number of stations, sources or observations.
- It can work either through CALC/SOLVE catalog subsystem or in a standalone mode.
- Process of VLBI data analysis can be automated,



## General features

### Data processing

- Single session mode:
  - **$\nu$ Solve** is designed to analyze a single session, performs necessary calibrations and data editing.
  - Later it will evolve in powerful session editor that allows us to fix all known anomalies of the VLBI observation.
- Multiple session mode:
  - A separate executable (driver) will be developed to perform data analysis of multiple sessions of VLBI observations.





# Estimator

## Estimated parameters

We can estimate:

- Clock parameters;
- Zenith delays and their gradients;
- Stations positions;
- Sources coordinates;
- Polar motion;
- Earth rotation and its rate;
- Angles of nutation.

Parameters to estimate:

	No	Local	Arc	PWL	Stoch	
Clocks model:	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit
Zenith delays:	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit
Atmospheric gradients:	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit
Station Coordinates:	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit
Source Coordinates:	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit
Polar motion:	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit
Earth rotation (dUT1):	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit
Change of Earth rotation (dUT1 rate):	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit
Nutation angles:	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Edit

Estimated parameters



# Estimator

## Types of parameters

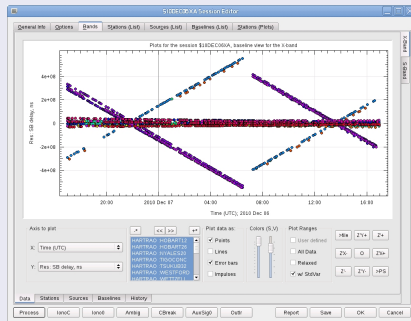
- The estimated parameters can be modeled as:
  - Local parameter – an unbiased parameter determined for whole session
  - Arc parameter – an unbiased parameter estimated for specified by user interval (e.g., 1 hour)
  - Piecewise linear function, coefficients of continuous linear function are estimated from data, an interval between nodes is specified by user
  - Stochastic parameters
- There is no limitations on length of arcs or step between nodes of piecewise linear functions.



# Clock break correction

## Clock break processing

- To compensate a clock break, ***νSolve*** adds a step-wise linear function to the station clocks.
- There are session wide and band dependent clock break models.
- Clock breaks can be detected and corrected in automatic, semi-automatic and manual mode.



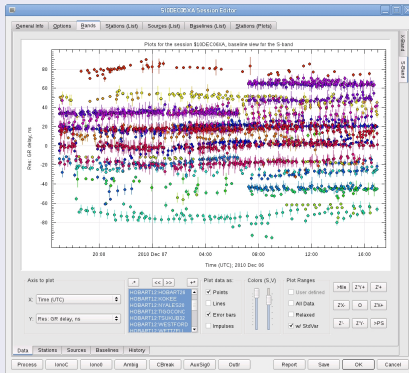
Example of a 1 second clock break



# Ambiguities

## Ambiguity resolution

- Ambiguity resolution is done using ideas implemented in CALC/SOLVE.
- There is no assumption about ambiguity spacing.  $\nu$ Solve can process sessions with mixed ambiguity spacing.
- In addition, there is ability to adjust multipliers of ambiguity manually.

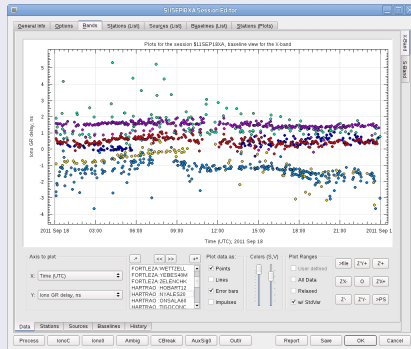


Group delay residuals with unresolved ambiguities

# Ionosphere

## Ionospheric correction

- From dual band observations the group delay, phase rate and phase delay ionospheric corrections are evaluated.
- Ionospheric corrections are performed after clock breaks and ambiguity resolutions were processed.

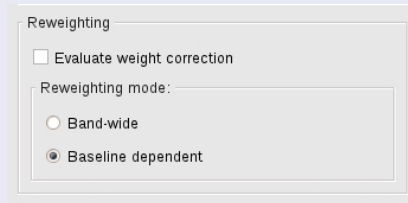


Impact of ionospheric effect on group delay residuals

# Reweighting

## Observations weights calibration

- Weight calibration is performed to keep normalized  $\chi^2$  equal to unit.
- Two modes of reweighting:
  - Session wide;
  - Baseline dependent.
- Reweighting is performed in conjunction with outlier elimination.



Reweighting control GUI

# Outliers

## Outliers processing

- Outlier is an observation which absolute value of normalized residual is greater than user specified threshold.
- Two modes of outliers processing:
  - Session wide;
  - Baseline dependent.
- Excluded observations can be included back in restoration action.
- Outlier elimination is performed in conjunction with reweighting.

Outliers Processing

Outliers Action:	Processing Mode:
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Elimination	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Band-wide
<input type="radio"/> Restoration	<input type="radio"/> Baseline dependent

Threshold for outliers (in sigmas):

Number of iterations limit:

Suppress weight correction in outliers processing

Outliers processing control GUI



# Data processing

## VLBI data processing

- Read observations
- Obtain single band delay solution
- Check for clock breaks
- Resolve ambiguities in both bands
- Check for clock breaks
- Evaluate ionosphere corrections
- Add to estimated parameters zenith delays and station positions
- Manually remove big outliers
- Switch estimated parameters (clocks and zenith delays) to PWL functions
- Manually remove large outliers
- Add to estimated parameters UT1 rate and angles of nutation
- Calibrate weights of observations
- Eliminate outliers
- Iterate reweighting/outlier processing
- Save results





## First public release

A first public release will be in the forthcoming release of CALC/SOLVE system.

Following functions need to be implemented before the public release:

- Add ability to use external a priori information,  $\nu$ Solve uses data from databases only;
- Add additional models,  $\nu$ Solve applies models that were calculated by CALC (except tropospheric effects).

After public release we expect users feedback to improve the software.

Thank you for attention!

