

“Full Beam” Self-Calibration

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- What is “Full-Beam” VLBI Self-calibration ?
- Relies on a few “likely” conditions:
 - Sky is not empty – there are other sources in the Field of View (+ target!),
 - VLBI has recently achieved sensitivity levels such that all compact objects > 100 microJy can be detected with Gbps data rates in 24 hr integrations
 - Wide-field techniques permit many sources in the FoV to be detected simultaneously.



EVN Sky

- Many hundred potential targets in EVN field-of-view.

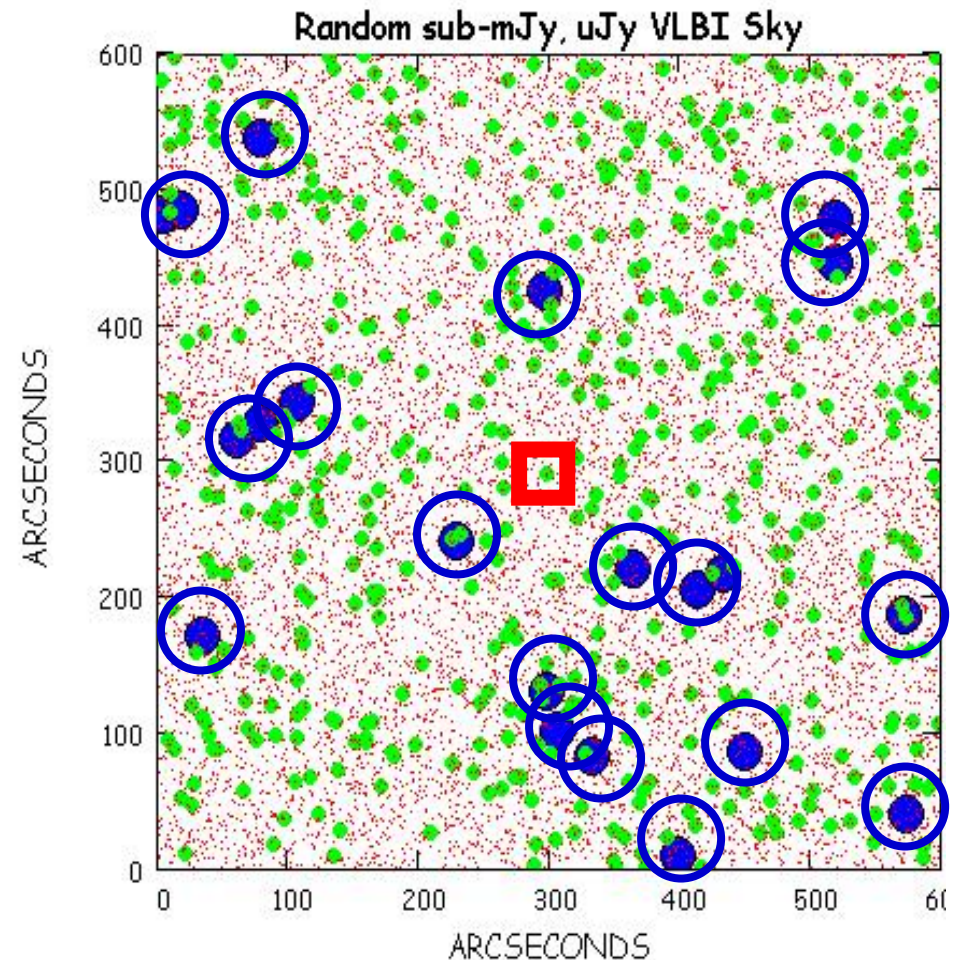
Figure (right):

Blue = $> 100\mu\text{Jy}$

Green = $10\text{-}100\ \mu\text{Jy}$

Red = $1\text{-}10\ \mu\text{Jy}$ (e-EVN)

- External Phase Ref/Wide Field Imaging detects target and other sources simultaneously.
- The combined response of all sources in the beam permits self-cal of target field (full-beam self-cal).



An Example: NOAO-N (Bootes) Deep Field

- NOAO-N VLBA+GBT reaches 9 $\mu\text{Jy}/\text{beam}$ - *Garrett, Wrobel & Morganti, ApJ 2004.*
 - 61 sub-mJy & mJy sources targeted, 9 detected.
 - 29% of mJy sources (see also Porcas et al.).
 - 8% of sub-mJy sources detected.
 - See poster by Orienti et al.
 - Feasibility of Full-beam VLBI self-calibration demonstrated (see paper).

