Regular e-transfer experiences with geodetic INTENSIVE experiments at Wettzell

Gerhard Kronschnabl (BKG) gerhard.kronschnabl@bkg.bund.de

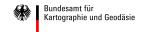




Alexander Neidhardt (FESG)
Christian Plötz (BKG), Reiner Dassing (BKG),
Volkmar Thorand (BKG), Gerald Engelhardt (BKG),
Wolfgang Schwegmann (BKG)







The way from the observation to the combined product



The INTENSIVES round trip

 Coordination by the International VLBI Service for Geodesy & Astrometry (IVS) (Observing program, schedules)

Observation at the radio telescope sites (Pre-Ops, start, observation, data acquisition, data transport)

Correlation

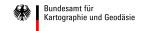
Analysing and archiving at the data centres (Session databases, collecting of all results, data mirroring)

- Supplying the products (EOP-time series, daily SINEX files, specific analysis)
- Combination of the results (Model evaluation, comparation of the solutions,



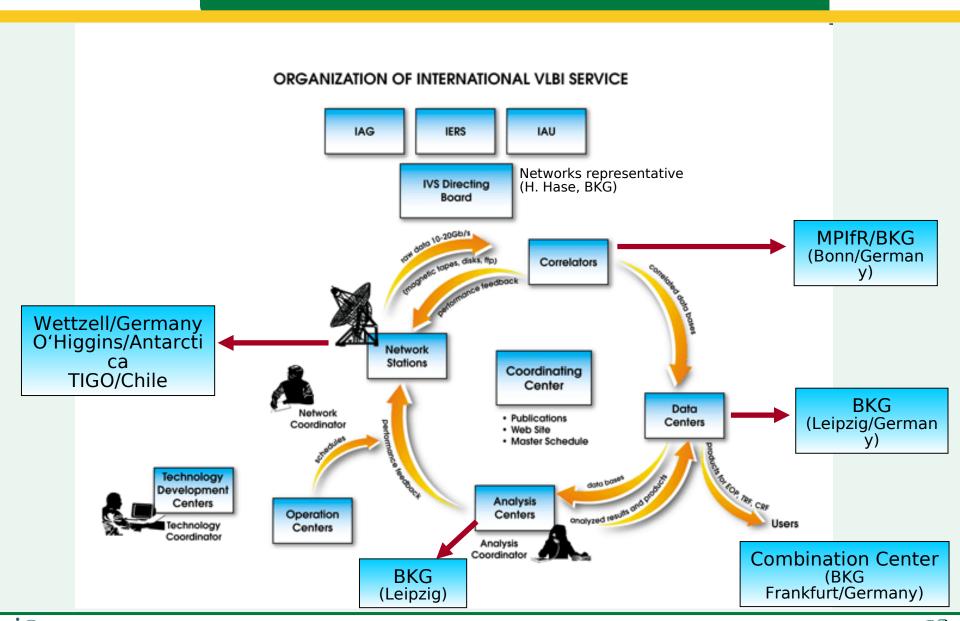
Coordination of the INTENSIVES by IVS

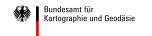




Participation in the IVS







Current and Future Requirements IVS Working Group 3 - VLBI2010

nternational VLBI Service for Geodesy & Astrometry

IVS is an international collaboration of organizations which operate or support Very Long Baseline Interferometry components.

IVS WG 3 – VLBI2010: Current and Future Requirements for Geodetic VLBI Systems

Goals for a new generation VLBI system:

- 1 mm position and 1 mm / year velocity for position
- Continuous measurements for EOP
- Rapid generation and distribution of the IVS products
- Data transfer near realtime

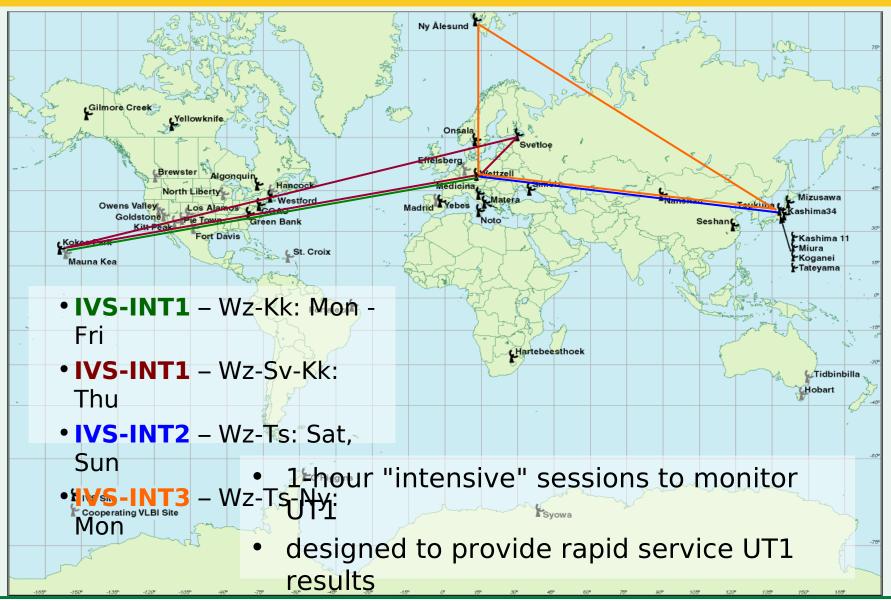
Quelle: IVS WG3 Final Report - ftp://ivscc.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/annual-reports/2005/pdf/spcl-vlbi2010.pdf

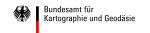




IVS INTENSIVES – the network geometry







IVS INTENSIVES – the scheduling



- Optimization for the boundary conditions
- Unidirectional observations with homogeneous sky coverage
- East-west-distance defines accuracy of final UT1
- Low elevations allow troposphere estimation
- Short (one hour) sessions to allow quick data transport with "standard" internet equipment

But:

- Only a few sources are visible for participating sites
- Limitations in sky coverage with sources
- Limitations of sources with low elevations
- Limitations in observing time per source

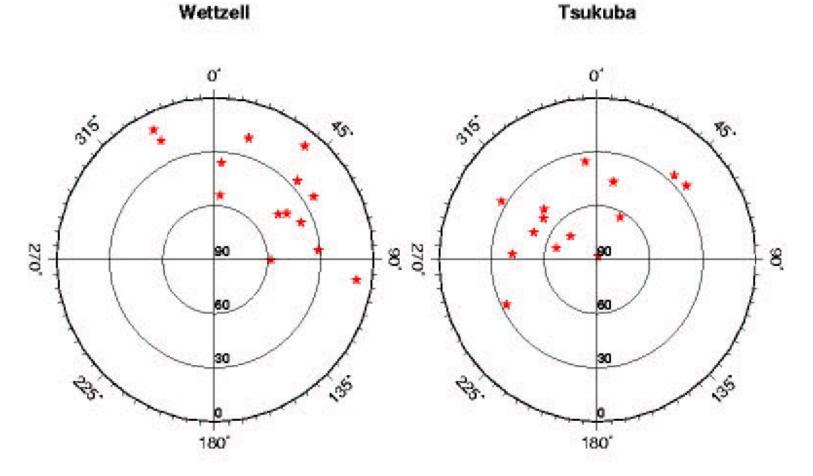




IVS INTENSIVES – the scheduling



Simultaneously visible sources on July 1st, 2002 (IN202182, 7:30 UT)



D. Fischer et al.: The K4 Intensive project 2002 for UT1 determination. Proceedings of the 16th Working Meeting on European VLBI for Geodesy and Astrometry, p. 165-170. ftp://ivs.bkg.bund.de/pub/analysis/papers/165-Fischer.pdf
Regular e-transfer experiences with geodetic INTENSIVE experiments

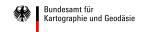




Observation at the radio telescope sites







The Radio Telescope Wettzell (RTW) & Co.



RT Wettzell/Germany



The Wettzell VLBI crew (from left to right): Ch. Plötz, E. Bauernfeind, G. Kronschnabl, R. Schatz, W. Schwarz, R. Zeitlhöfler, A. Neidhardt (missing in picture: E. Bielmeier).

Table 2. RTW observations in 2008

program	number of
	24h-sessions
IVS R1	49
IVS R4	51
IVS T2	6
IVS R&D	9
RDV/VLBA	6
EUROPE	5
CONT08	15
total	141
total (in hours)	3384

program	number of
	1h-sessions
INT1(Kokee-RTW)	234
INT2/K(Tsukuba-RTW)	100
INT3/K(Tsukuba-RTW-NyAl)	41
total (in hours)	375

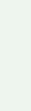
special program	number of experiments
SELENE	19
total (in hours)	92

Wettzell is the most used radio telescope for geodetic VL

TIGO Concepción/Chile



And in the future:

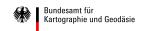


GARS O'Higgins/Antarctica



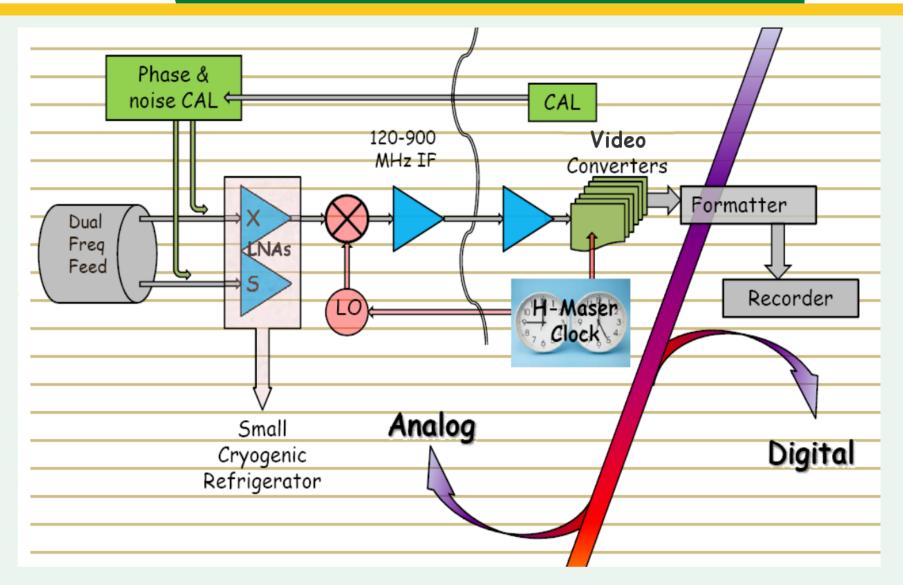






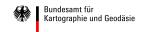
The Radio Telescope Wettzell (RTW)





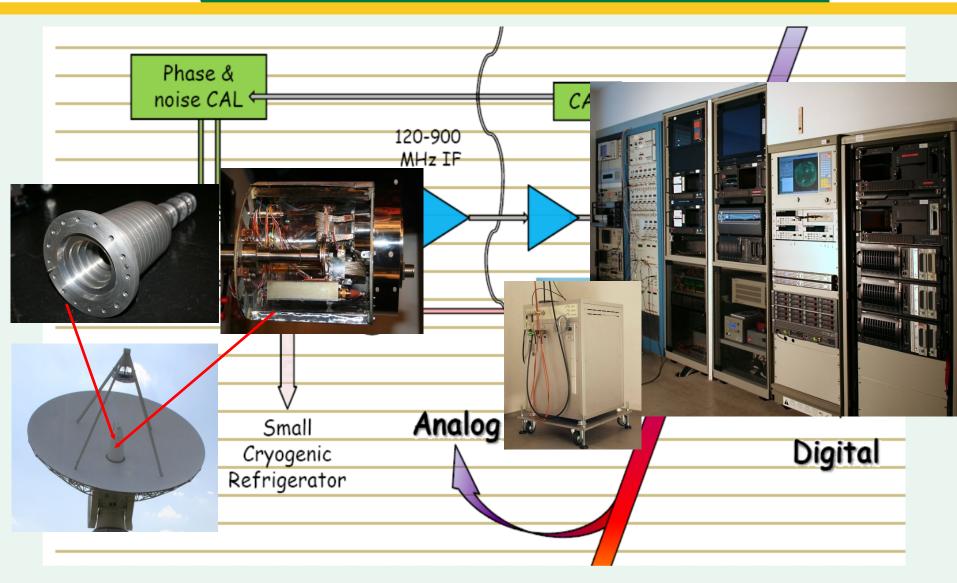
Clark, Tom: Receivers for VLBI2010. http://www.fs.wettzell.de/veranstaltungen/vlbi/frff2009/Part5/Receivers for

VLBI2010.pdf, Download 14.05.2009



The Radio Telescope Wettzell (RTW)



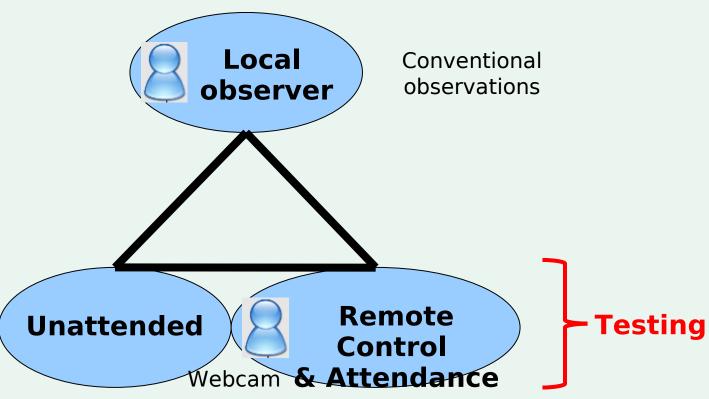


Clark, Tom: Receivers for VLBI2010. http://www.fs.wettzell.de/veranstaltungen/vlbi/frff2009/Part5/Receivers for

VLBI2010.pdf, Download 14.05.2009

RTW observation modes



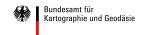


Observation runs
automatically without a
local observer, on errors
responsible contact person
is called
(weekend, proper
maintenance and safety

Observer gets almost complete access to the control from remote via internet

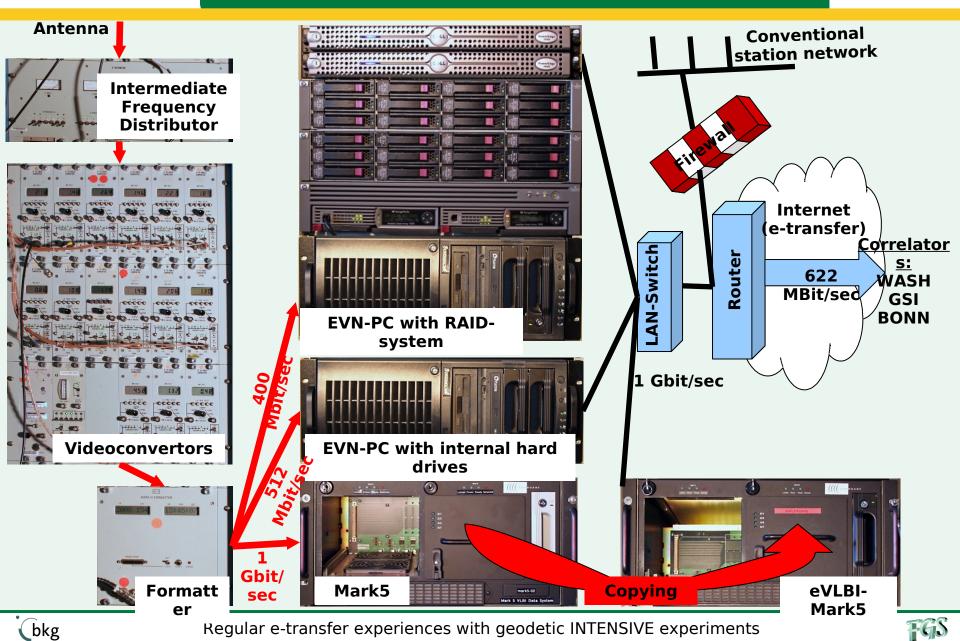


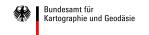




RTW data acquisition and e-transfer







RTW data acquisition and e-transfer



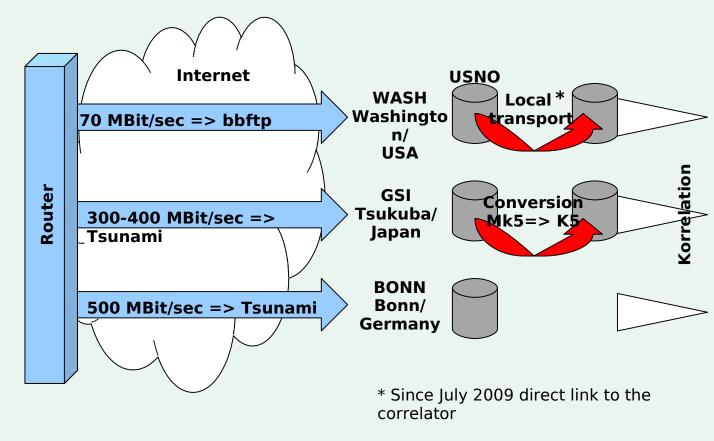
e-transfer: Local copy is transferred after the observations via internet

RAID-Server





Optimized buffer and operating system settings



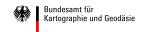
<u>Planed for fall 2009: e-vlbi</u> Realtime-communication to WASH





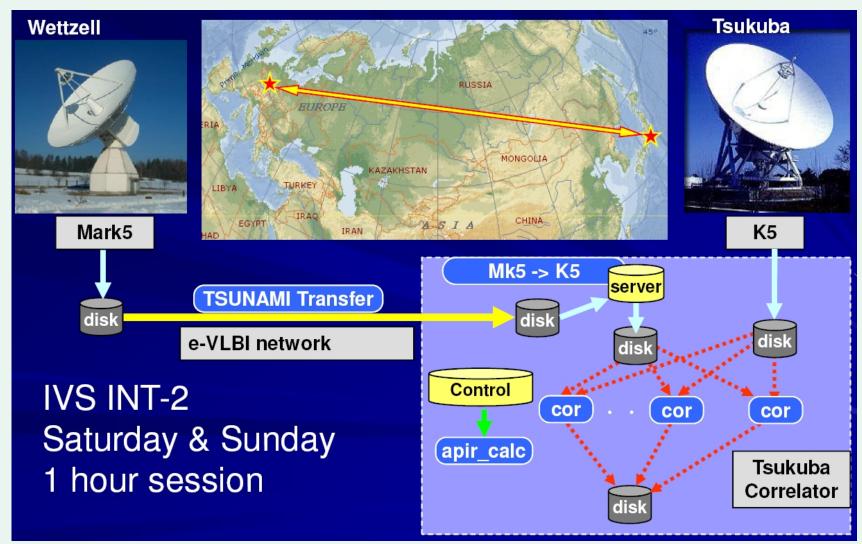
Correlation





Example: Software correlator at Tsukuba





Takashima, Kazuhiro; Nozawa, Kentaro: Japanese Software Correlator for UT1 Intensive. http://www.fs.wettzell.de/veranstaltungen/vlbi/ frff2009/SW_CORRELATOR/Japanese_correlator_V2C.pdf, Download

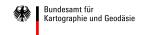




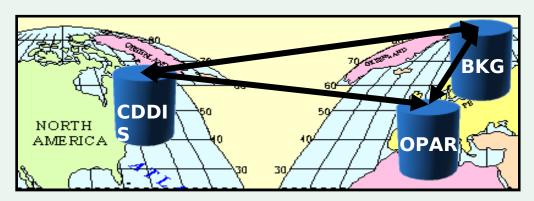
Data analysis centres







Functions of the IVS data and analysis centres



IVS - data centres (Mirroring between GSFC, OPAR, BKG)

IVS-Analysezentrum

Preparation of S- and X-band data bases (IVS)

Continuation of the EOP time series using 24 hours and 1 hours INTENSIVES (IVS, Bulletin B)

Quarterly solutions for TRF and CRF (IVS)

Continuous supplying of tropospheric parameter (IVS, e.g. wet zenith delay)

Supplying of daily SINEX files for INTENSIVES and 24h-experiments (IVS)

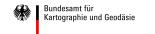
Scheduling of the INTENSIVES for baseline Tsukuba-Wettzell

Analysing ITRF and ICRF

Participation in working groups, projects and improvements of the analysing tools

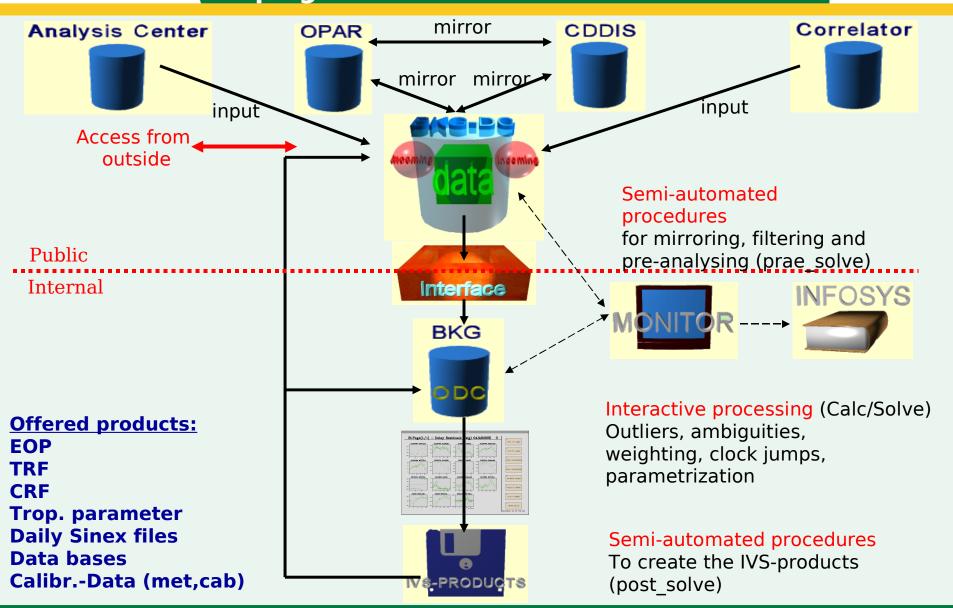






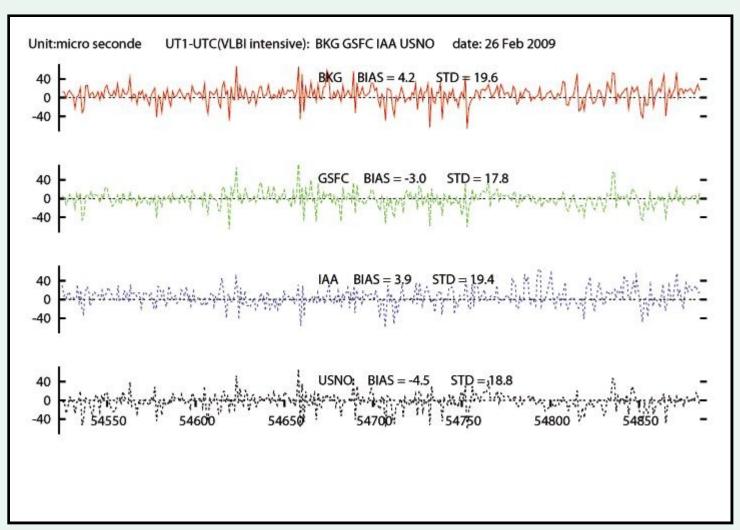
IVS data and analysis centre BKG Leipzig





Resulting INTENSIVE time series





(Differences to IERS EOP C04)









