



Observation software development in Metsähovi Radio Observatory

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Photo (c) Hannu Karttunen

Overview

- ◆ Basic info about Metsähovi Radio Observatory
- ◆ Quasar research in MRO
- ◆ Current state of observation software/system in Metsähovi
- ◆ Future prospects

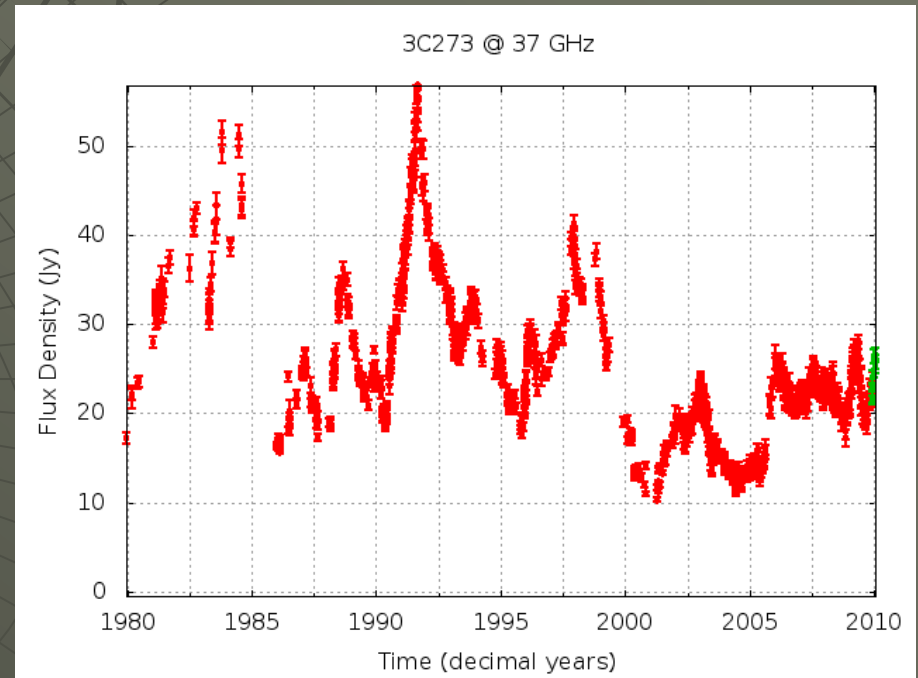
Metsähovi Radio Observatory (MRO)

- ◆ Separate institute of Aalto University
- ◆ Founded in 1974
- ◆ Located in Kirkkonummi, Finland
- ◆ 13,7-meter radio telescope
- ◆ ~20 personnel
- ◆ Activities:
 - Long term, high frequency monitoring of quasars (main project)
 - Planck co-operation
 - VLBI
 - Solar observations
 - Education
 - Instrument development



Quasar research at Metsähovi

- ◆ Long term quasar observations since 1980.
- ◆ Frequencies: 22, 37, 87 GHz
- ◆ → Time series data for studying the variability and structure of Quasars



Quasar observations

- ◆ 24 h/day, year round → Good data points often enough
- ◆ Independently developed observation software
 - Renewing in progress
- ◆ No dedicated observers → Staff observes among other work
 - Different skill levels → Flexibility needed from observation software
 - Observing shifts: 1-7 days / person
- ◆ Climate and weather challenges:
 - Snow, ice, moisture → Dome & dome heater

Current observation system & software

- ◆ UI: A Linux VNC remote desktop
- ◆ Observations can be made remotely from basically anywhere
- ◆ Semi-Automatic observations possible with an observer-defined list
- ◆ New low level observation tool operational for ~ 1 year ("Measure", command line tool)

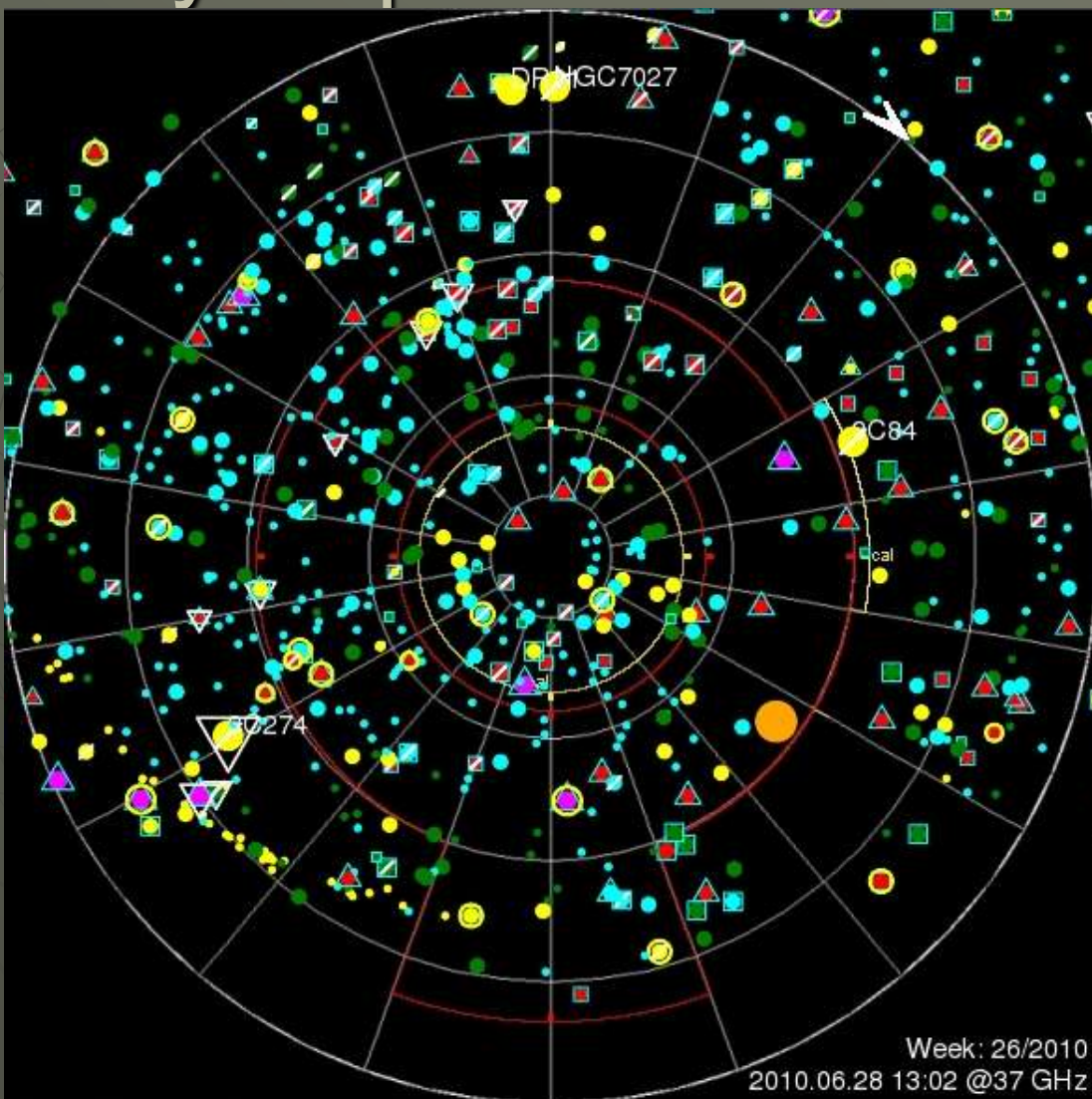
VNC desktop for observations:

The screenshot displays a VNC desktop environment with several open windows:

- watch_results2 on daqqr**: Shows observation results for two cycles. The first cycle has a mean result of 337.3972 and a drift of 6.1669. The second cycle has a mean result of 337.9535 and a drift of 7.9569. A large grey box labeled "Results display" is overlaid on the right side of this window.
- Terminal**: Contains chat logs from the #mittaajat channel, including messages about nicks, halfops, and joining the channel. A large grey box labeled "Direct antenna control/info" is overlaid on the right side of this window.
- Terminal**: Displays a list of antenna offsets for various frequencies and locations. A large grey box labeled "Antenna offsets" is overlaid on the bottom right of this window.
- screen on daqqr**: Shows a terminal session with commands for controlling the antenna, such as "log contobs MEASURE", "INTEGRATE start E 2", and "INTEGRATE stop E 2". A large grey box labeled "Antenna control" is overlaid on the right side of this window.

The desktop taskbar at the bottom shows the following windows: **debian**, **1**, **2**, **3**, **4**, **orbit:2...**, **kurpitsa...**, **watch_...**, **screen...**, **offset v...**, **Terminal**, **Terminal**, and the system clock **17:26:48**.

Sky map & sources + "autolist" generator:



List type: Cntbs: measure; meas-test;

22 GHz sky view & plots:

Observer:

Target info:
 Source name:

Alt: Az: C.Az:

Currently set UTC-time:
 Year: Mon: Day: @ Hr: Min:

Julian D.:

Reset w/:

Autolist:
 Beg.time~Dur.~AzOff*EIOff~S.Name*Obs.Type

Observation parameters:
 5p: (Observation type for the next target)
 Dur. (s): AzOff: EIOff:

Add cal/tau:

Select target:

Commands:

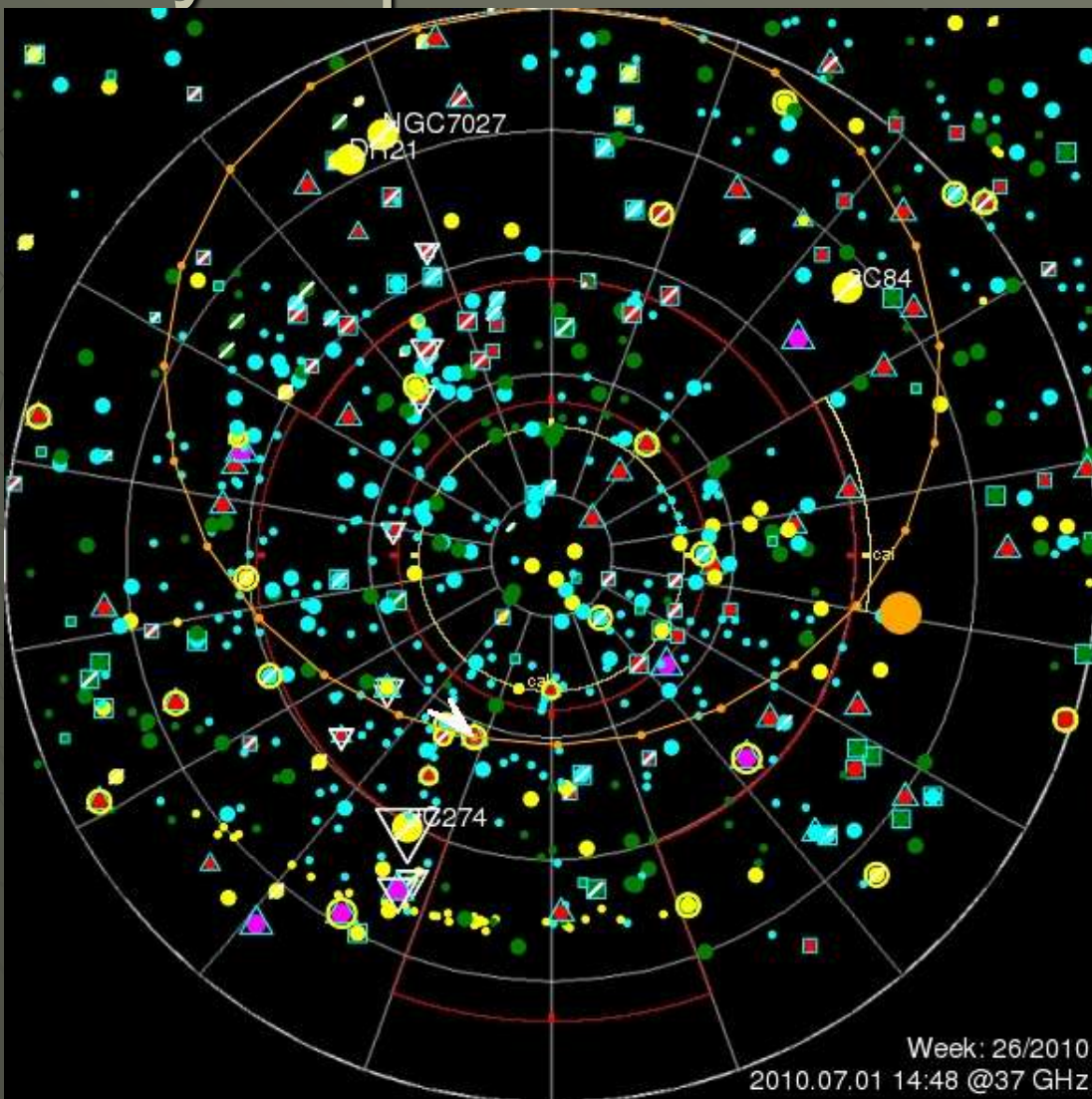
Week: 26/2010
 2010.06.28 13:02 @37 GHz

● cal ● Gg/Cg ● IG ● 5p ▲ Priority 2 ○ Marked w/ RedStar ▼ P
 ● M1 ● Mf ● BLO ● rest □ Priority 3 ↘ Selected target ↙ Not due

Custom measurement:

Dur. in real time (s):

Sky map & sources + "autolist" generator:



List type: Cntbs: measure: meas-test:
 22 GHz sky view & plots:
 Observer:

Target info:
 Source name:
 Alt: Az: C.Az:
Currently set UTC-time:
 Year: Mon: Day: @ Hr: Min:
 Julian D.:
 Reset w/:

Autolist:
 Beg.time~Dur.~AzOff*EIOff~S.Name*Obs.Type
 10.07.01@14.09~1800~0.015~-0.012~4C39.25*1p
 10.07.01@13.30~1800~0.015~-0.012~OJ287*1p
 10.07.01@13.27~1800~0.015~-0.012~CAL*W45
 10.07.01@12.48~1800~0.015~-0.012~0552+398*1p
 10.07.01@12.09~1800~0.000~0.000~0355+508*1p

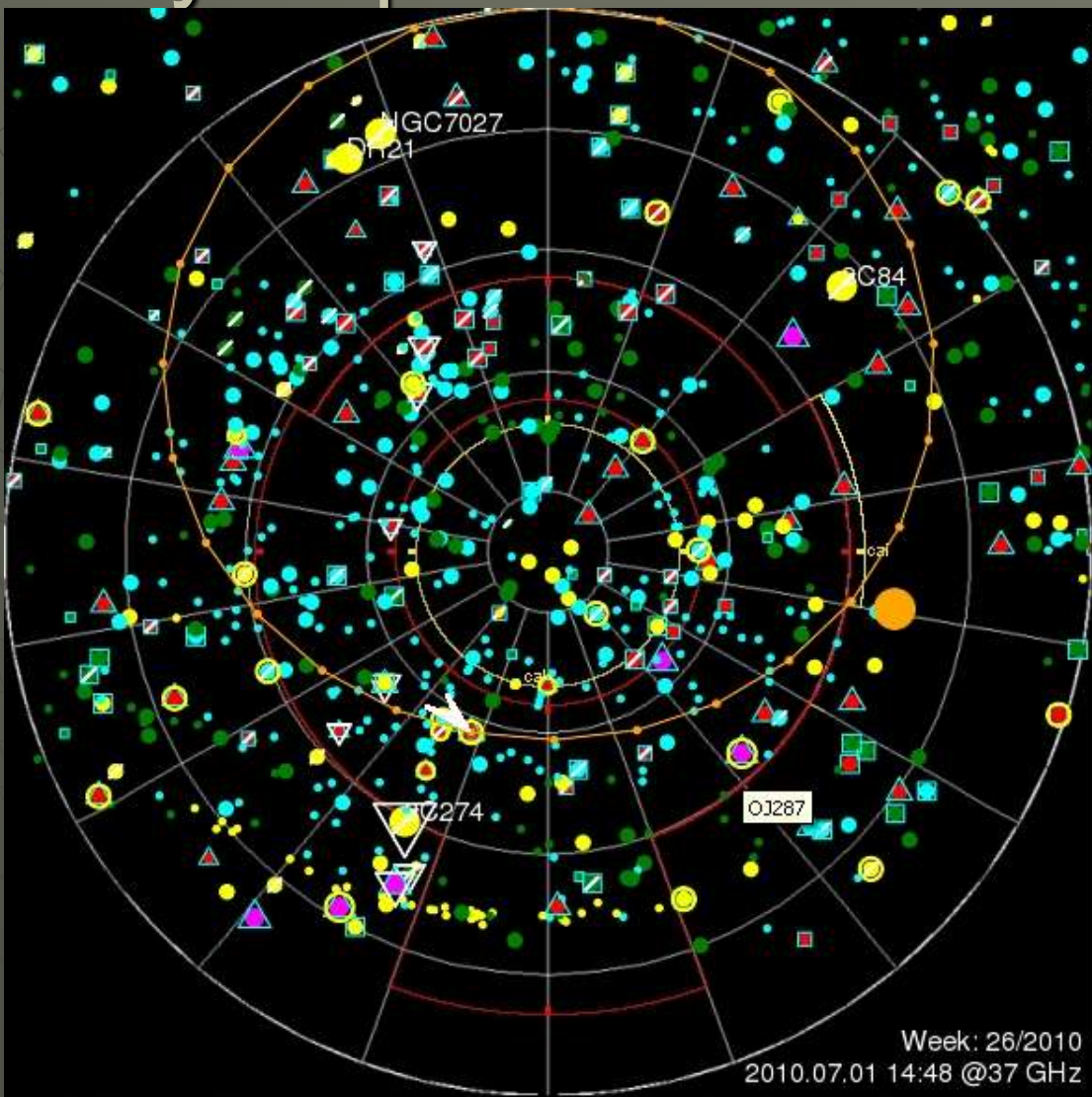
Observation parameters:
 5p: (Observation type for the next target)
 Dur. (s): AzOff: EIOff:

Add cal/tau:
Select target:

Commands:

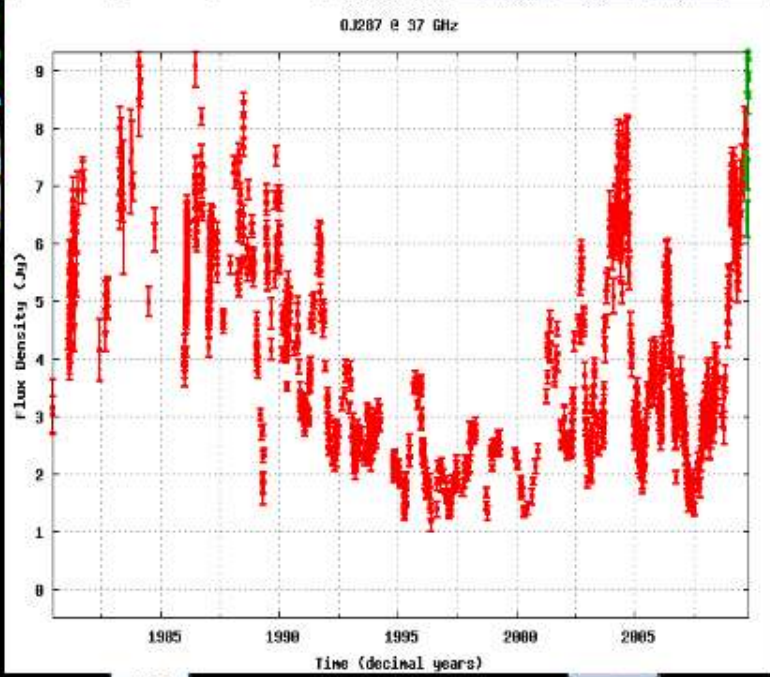
Week: 26/2010
 2010.07.01 14:48 @37 GHz
 Custom measurement:
 Dur. in real time (s):

Sky map & sources + "autolist" generator:



List type: Cntbs: measure: meas-test:
 22 GHz sky view & plots:
 Observer:

Target info:
 Source name:
 Alt: Az: C.Az:
Currently set UTC-time:
 Year: Mon: Day: @ Hr: Min:
 Julian D.:
 Reset w/:



Week: 26/2010
 2010.07.01 14:48 @37 GHz

cal Gg/Cg IG 5p Priority 2 Marked w/ RedStar P
 M1 Mf BLO rest Priority 3 Selected target Not due

Custom measurement:
 Dur. in real time (s):

Commands:

Problems & solutions

- ◆ Adding sources for observing not flexible enough
 - A dynamic list
 - ◆ Automatic or manual adding of sources while antenna is observing
- ◆ Info on conditions plentiful but scattered:
 - A.I. to interpret data from weather & other sensors
- ◆ No real time info on flux calibrated results compared to long term results:
 - Automatic real time “result interpretation”

Future prospects for obs. software

- ◆ More autonomous, more flexible to use
 - ◆ Moving towards completely automatic observations
 - System observes using:
 - Weather, receiver parameters, source priorities, observation history, antenna offsets...
- High Quality data from quasars with a fraction of current workload

Thank you!

QUESTIONS?

